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| 21171 STAAS & HAI | 7590 10/22/200 SEY LLP | EXAMINER | | |
| SUITE 700 | | CLIFTON, JESSICA L | | |
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | |
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| | 10/578,708 | KOWALEWSKI ET AL. | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | |
| | JESSICA CLIFTON | 2465 | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | ears on the cover sheet with the c | orrespondence address | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earmed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI | l. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | |
| Status | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 Au | action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | |
| 4) Claim(s) 12-22 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 12-22 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on 20 December 2006 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction | vn from consideration. r election requirement. r. re: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ object drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See | 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | |
| 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. | | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 08/04/2006 05/10/2006. | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other: | te | | | |

Art Unit: 2465

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 12-22 have been examined and are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 2. Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- Claim 14, line 2, recites the limitation "said storing and transmitting". The
 independent claim 12 contains two limitations of "transmitting", therefore it is unclear
 as to the antecedent basis for this limitation.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 12-22 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Art Unit: 2465

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

4. Claims 12 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Costa-Requena et al. (U.S. Pub. No. 2004/0202303) in view of Fournier (US Pub. No. 2005/0287997).

As per claim 12, Costa-Requena teaches a method for establishment of a communication link from a first telecommunication device to a second telecommunication device via a telecommunication network ([0004]), comprising:

sending a connection establishment message with a data object, which is allocated to a first subscriber, to the telecommunication network in order to establish the communication link (Fig. 4, [0007], SIP (session initiation protocol) INVITE to include a document via communication network (see [0004]));

storing, after sending the connection establishment message, the data object via the telecommunication network on a data provision component (Fig. 4, [0007], storing the document in the data store of the server (15));

transmitting a call signaling message from the telecommunication network to the second telecommunication device providing reference information which refers to the data provision component on which the data object of the first subscriber has been stored (Fig. 4, [26, 34-35], INVITE with URL (uniform resource locator) sent to callee (16));

signaling the data provision component from the second telecommunication device by using the reference information requesting that the data provision component transmit the data object, which is allocated to the subscriber, to the second telecommunication device ([0026], callee (16) retrieves the document from the server (15) using URL);

transmitting the data object from the data provision component to the second telecommunication device (Fig. 4, server (15) sending document) to callee (16)); and

Costa-Requena is silent on **playing the data object at the second telecommunication** which is a conventional feature in the communications field.

However, Fournier, in an analogous art, discloses playing the data object at the second telecommunication device ([31,46], Playing caller ID files included in the signaling message).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of Costa-Requena to include playing the data object at the second telecommunication device, as taught in Fournier for the purpose of identifying a calling party.

As per claim 22, the claim is rejected for the same reasoning as in claim 12, except the claim is in system claim format.

5. Claims 13-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of Costa-Requena-Fournier, as applied to claim 12, and further in view of Donnelly (US Pub. No. 2004/0223605).

As per claim 13, Costa-Requena-Fournier discloses the method according to claim 12 but is silent on wherein the telecommunication network has a first

Application/Control Number: 10/578,708

Art Unit: 2465

subnetwork to which the first telecommunication device has been allocated and a second subnetwork to which the second telecommunication device has been allocated, the first and second subnetworks being connected with each other via a switching component which is a conventional feature in the communications field.

Page 6

However, Donnelly, in an analogous art, discloses wherein the telecommunication network has a first subnetwork to which the first telecommunication device has been allocated and a second subnetwork to which the second telecommunication device has been allocated, the first and second subnetworks being connected with each other via a switching component (Paragraph [0026, 0196], discloses that calling terminal and the called terminal can be associated with distinct communication networks capable of supporting a connection session between each other via server (see fig. 1)).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teachings of Costa-Requena-Fournier to include wherein the telecommunication network has a first subnetwork to which the first telecommunication device has been allocated and a second subnetwork to which the second telecommunication device has been allocated, the first and second subnetworks being connected with each other via a switching component, as taught in Donnelly for the purpose of allowing communication between diverse networks.

As per claim 14, Costa-Requena-Fournier-Donnelly discloses the method according to claim 13. Costa-Requena further discloses wherein the switching component performs said storing ([0007], server (15) contains a data store) and transmitting (Fig. 4, server (15) transmitting document).

As per claim 15, Costa-Requena-Fournier-Donnelly discloses the method according to claim 14. Costa-Requena discloses wherein the data provision component is arranged on a network and connected to the switching component ([0007], server (15) contains a data store located within a communication network).

Fournier further discloses a network **based on an Internet protocol** ([0026], server communicating via internet protocol (IP) network). Examiner maintains same motivation to combine as in claim 12.

As per claim 16, Costa-Requena-Fournier-Donnelly discloses the method according to claim 15. Costa-Requena further discloses wherein the reference information has a uniform resource identifier (i.e. URL) (Examiner understands the URL to be the reference information. [26, 34-35], INVITE with URL (uniform resource locator) sent to callee (16))

As per claim 17, Costa-Requena-Fournier-Donnelly discloses the method according to claim 16. Costa-Requena further discloses wherein the second telecommunication device is in a communication session in accordance with a

Art Unit: 2465

session initiation protocol ([0004], SIP used for call setup between caller and callee).

As per claim 18, Costa-Requena-Fournier-Donnelly discloses the method according to claim 17. Costa-Requena further discloses wherein the switching component, as a call signaling message, sends an INVITE message to the second telecommunication device into which the reference information has been inserted (Fig. 4, illustrates server (14) sending an invite including URL to callee (16)).

As per claim 19, Costa-Requena-Fournier-Donnelly discloses the method according to claim 18. Fournier further discloses wherein the data object includes picture information, tone information and text information ([0031], caller id data may comprise images, audio or text). Examiner maintains same motivation to combine as in claim 12.

As per claim 20, Costa-Requena-Fournier-Donnelly discloses the method according to claim 19. Costa-Requena further discloses wherein at least one of the first and second telecommunication devices is one of a mobile radio device, a mobile telephone or a computer with a radio module (Fig.4, [0021-22], discloses wireless calling between terminals (12, 16)).

As per claim 21, Costa-Requena-Fournier-Donnelly discloses the method according to claim 20. Fournier further discloses wherein the telecommunication

Art Unit: 2465

network includes a mobile radio network functioning according to one of a global system for mobile communication (i.e. GSM) standard and a universal mobile telecommunications system standard (i.e. UTMS) ([0021], discloses the use of GSM and UTMS communication networks). Examiner maintains same motivation to combine as in claim 12.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to JESSICA CLIFTON whose telephone number is (571)270-7156. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8:00 am-5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jay Patel can be reached on (571) 272-2988. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 2465

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/JESSICA CLIFTON/ Examiner, Art Unit 2465 /Alpus H. Hsu/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2465